Summary Report of Consolidated Financial Results for the Second Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending February 29, 2012 (Based on Japanese Accounting Standards)

October 5, 2011

Listed company name:	AEON DELIGHT CO., LTD.		Listed exchanges: Tokyo Stock Exchange and Osaka Securities Exchange (First Section)	
Stock code:	9787		URL http://www.aeondelight.co.jp	
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Planned date for filing of quarterly financial statements:	October 13, 2011		Planned date for commencement of dividend payments:	November 10, 2011

Preparation of Supplementary Materials to Quarterly Financial Results: Yes
Quarterly Earnings Briefing: Yes (for institutional investors and analysts)

(Amounts of less than one million yen have been rounded down.)

1. Consolidated Results for the Second Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending February 29, 2012 (from March 1, 2011 to August 31, 2011)

(1) Consolidated Operating Results (cumulative)

(Figures expressed in percentages represent year-on-year percentage changes.)

	Net Sales		Operating Income		Ordinary Income		Net Income	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
Six months ended August 31, 2011	109,950	59.6	6,915	37.7	6,974	38.0	3,716	34.1
Six months ended August 31, 2010	68,885	(5.5)	5,021	2.9	5,053	4.0	2,770	6.9

	Net Income per Share	Diluted Net Income per Share
	Yen	Yen
Six months ended August 31, 2011	70.86	70.71
Six months ended August 31, 2010	69.84	69.69

(2) Consolidated Financial Position

	Total Assets	Net Assets	Shareholders' Equity Ratio	Net Assets per Share
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
As of August 31, 2011	90,292	55,737	61.0	1,051.07
As of Feb. 28, 2011	84,624	52,887	62.3	1,005.62

(Reference) Shareholders' equity As of August 31, 2011: 55,121 million yen As of February 28, 2011: 52,738 million yen

2. Dividends

	Annual dividends				
	End of the 1st Quarter	End of the 2nd Quarter	End of the 3rd Quarter	Year-end	Total
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
Year Ended February 28, 2011	-	17.00	-	22.00	39.00
Year Ending February 29, 2012	-	20.00			
Year Ending February 29, 2012 (Forecast)			-	20.00	40.00

Note 1: Adjustments to dividend forecast made during the second quarter of the year ending February 29, 2012: None
Note 2: Dividends at the end of the year ending February 28, 2011 includes the commemorative dividend of 5 yen per share, under the premise of the merger with CERTO Corp. effective as of Sept. 1, 2010.

3. Forecast of Consolidated Results for the Year Ending February 29, 2012 (from March 1, 2011 to February 29, 2012)

(Figures expressed in percentages represent year-on-year percentage changes.)

	Net sales		Operating Income		Ordinary Income		Net Income		Net Income per Share
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Yen
Full year	213,000	24.6	14,300	18.8	14,300	18.3	7,600	17.0	144.92

Note: Adjustments to consolidated results forecast made during the second quarter of the year ending February 29, 2012: None

4. Other Remarks (See “2. Other Remarks” on page 5 of the Attached Materials.)

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period : None

Note: This refers to changes in specified subsidiaries resulting in changes in the scope of consolidation during the current quarterly accounting period.

(2) Application of simplified accounting methods and specific accounting methods : Yes

Note: This refers to application of simplified accounting methods and accounting methods specific to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements.

(3) Changes in accounting principles, procedures and methods of presentation

1) Change arising from revisions of accounting standards : Yes

2) Change due to reasons other than those described in “1)” above : Yes

Note: This refers to changes in the principles, procedures, or methods of presentation for accounting treatment related with the preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements as described in “Significant Changes in the Basis for Preparation of the Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements.”

(4) Number of shares outstanding (common stock)

1) Number of shares outstanding at end of period (including treasury stock)	As of August 31, 2011	54,169,633 shares	As of February 28, 2011	54,169,633 shares
2) Number of treasury shares at end of period	As of August 31, 2011	1,726,481 shares	As of February 28, 2011	1,726,306 shares
3) Average number of shares outstanding (quarterly cumulative)	Six months ended August 31, 2011	52,440,410 shares	Six months ended August 31, 2010	39,670,162 shares

* Items related to the conduct of quarterly review procedures

・ These quarterly financial results are not subject to quarterly review based on the Financial Instrument and Exchange Act, and a quarterly review based on the Financial Instrument and Exchange Act had not been completed at the time these quarterly financial results were disclosed.

* Information concerning proper use of financial forecasts and other special instructions

・ Forward-looking statements such as financial forecasts contained in these materials are based on certain assumptions judged to be reasonable and on the information available when the forecasts were made. However, actual performance may significantly differ due to a variety of factors. Please refer to “1. (3) Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Forecast” on page 5 of Attached Materials for information concerning the assumptions used for financial forecasts and the proper use of financial forecasts.

○ Attached Materials Contents

1. Qualitative Information on Current Quarterly Consolidated Performance

(1) Qualitative Information on Consolidated Operating Results

During the first half of the current fiscal year (March 1, 2011 to August 31, 2011), the Japanese economy suffered some temporary stagnation due to the impact of the Great East Japan Earthquake. Although a recovery in corporate production activities was seen accompanying the restoration of the supply chain, and a recovery in consumer spending resulting from increased awareness of energy-saving and power-saving measures was seen afterwards, the business environment continues to be a challenging one due to the high yen and uncertainty towards the domestic energy policy.

Immediately following the earthquake, the Company established the task force on the earthquake as well as the task force at our Tohoku Regional Office to confirm damage caused to customers and the safety of employees. At the same time, a support system totaling approximately 300 staff mainly from the Headquarters and sales offices conducted activities aimed at the prompt reconstruction in the damaged areas through building restoration, delivery of materials, etc. These efforts have made a large contribution to the restarting of operations at commercial facilities that serve as the foundation for living infrastructure, and have been well received by our customers.

The business conditions at our major businesses are described below.

The facilities management business was negatively affected by delays in the development of new customers, in addition to requests from customers to reduce prices and revise specifications. In spite of these factors, net sales were increased to 21,292 million yen (103.0% year on year) due in part to the contribution of A to Z Service Co., Ltd., which was made a consolidated subsidiary in May. We aim to improve profitability through the strengthening of sales activities and promotion of improved efficiency through patrol-style facilities management, which is an initiative that we have promoted since last year.

In the security services business, although demand for temporary security and repairs of equipment such as security cameras immediately following the earthquake contributed to sales, requests from customers to reduce prices that have continued on for several years remain demanding, and as a result net sales of 16,199 million yen (99.8% year on year) were posted, nearly flat from the previous year. Within this difficult business environment, we aim to expand business through the promotion of new business and the construction of a new security model that puts the safety and security of customers first.

In the cleaning services business, net sales decreased over the previous year to 19,835 million yen (93.3% year on year) due to a delay in getting new orders. We will strive to further improve profitability through the introduction of proprietary working methods, materials, and equipment based on a scientific perspective and secure profits by consolidating this know-how in manuals for roll-out throughout the company.

In the construction work business, net sales increased significantly over the previous year to 13,970 million yen (171.7% year on year) due to successes in reconstruction work for buildings that were damaged in the earthquake and initiatives in response to the demand for energy-saving and power-saving measures that followed. We aim to make full efforts to respond to demand for energy-saving-related construction and renovation work and enhance our ability to compete in terms of pricing by utilizing electronic bidding systems and separate ordering for materials and work while striving to improve profitability.

In the materials/supplies sourcing services business, net sales were 18,416 million yen as customers have diversified their purchasing routes and price competition has gotten more intense. We aim to aggressively deploy cost reduction plans that focus on consolidating the number of product items and suppliers as we attempt to improve profitability by reducing distribution costs through the optimization of logistics.

Net sales were 16,572 million yen in the vending machine services business due to the temporary suspension of operations and shortage of goods brought about by the earthquake and the energy-saving measures that followed. We aim to increase sales by deploying energy-saving vending machines and vending machines that support e-cash.

Due in part to the contribution of KAJITAKU, Inc, which was made a consolidated subsidiary in April, net sales in our support business increased significantly over the previous year to 3,639 million yen (142.0% year on year). We aim to create a business model that will allow us to secure profits in each business.

Refer also to the reference materials “Net Sales by Business Segment” on page 11 for an overview of sales volume by business segment.

The AEON DELIGHT Group does not believe that conducting business based on only our existing business models will lead to significant growth in the future. Not only providing each service individually, but also providing a one-stop service that combines our varied service menu based on the needs of the customer, we will aim at even further growth through our Comprehensive Facility Management Service Business（Comprehensive FMS）that allows the customer to reduce the cost, as we focus management resources on three markets for which growth is expected in the future: the major urban area market, the environmental load reduction market, and the Asian market. An overview of initiatives conducted during the first half of the current fiscal year is described below.

(Major urban area market)
As the establishment of small-scale shops accelerates in the Tokyo metropolitan area, we made A to Z Service Co., Ltd. a consolidated subsidiary. A to Z Service's strengths include facility management and construction for small commercial facilities. Through this move, the AEON DELIGHT Group has established a system that is able to respond with a full lineup to the needs of customers, from large to small facilities.
In addition, in our aim to provide services in response to the needs of consumers at our B to B customers, we made KAJITAKU, Inc a consolidated subsidiary. KAJITAKU is strong in housework support services. We have striven to expand sales through our packages of housework services called “KAJIcloud” (Housework Professionals) that are sold at stores and 5 yen copy services.

(Environmental load reduction market)
In response to increased societal needs for environmental load reduction, we have made aggressive proposals for energy-saving, including the introduction of LED lighting and demand controllers. As a result, orders increased by a large 262.2% year on year for energy-saving-related services. We have responded to customer needs for energy-saving and power-saving through the focused assignment of personnel and alliances with partner companies.

(Asian market)
In China, in addition to providing services at existing locations in Beijing, Tianjin, and Guangdong, we started providing services at two new stores in Guangdong in April 2011, and we started to provide services to a customer outside the AEON Group for the first time at government-run commercial facilities in Beijing in June. In preparation for the deployment of the Comprehensive FMS business, the company name for the Group's business in Beijing was changed in August from AEON DELIGHT (BEIJING) BUILDING MAINTENANCE CO., LTD. to AEON DELIGHT (BEIJING) CO., LTD. to expand the scope of its business.
In addition, in our aim to expand business in the ASEAN countries, a representative office was established in Vietnam (Ho Chi Minh City) in May 2011. As we make preparations to start business in Vietnam, we are also proceeding with studies to expand business in other ASEAN countries.

In September, a Representative for Chinese Business was assigned to Beijing and a Representative for ASEAN Business was assigned to Malaysia to accelerate the future expansion of business in the countries of Asia.

As the result of these initiatives and the contribution of the merger with CERTO Corp. during the previous year, the Group posted net sales of 109,950 million yen (159.6% year on year), operating income of 6,915 million yen (137.7% year on year), and ordinary income of 6,974 million yen (138.0% year on year) during the first half of the current fiscal year. As a result of the Great East Japan Earthquake, a loss of 477 million yen was posted as an extraordinary loss, resulting in net income of 3,716 million yen (134.1% year on year).

(2) Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Position

Total assets as of August 31, 2011 increased by 5,668 million yen (6.7%) compared with the balance at the end of the previous fiscal year to 90,292 million yen.

This was attributable mainly to a decrease of 151 million yen in cash and deposits, an increase of 4,377 million yen in notes and accounts receivable-trade, an increase of 1,216 million yen in amortization of goodwill due to an increase in the number of consolidated subsidiaries, an increase of 300 million yen in deposit of subsidiaries and affiliates, and a decrease of 501 million yen in the valuation of investment securities.

Liabilities as of August 31, 2011 increased by 2,818 million yen (8.9%) compared with the balance at the end of the previous fiscal year to 34,555 million yen. This increase is attributable mainly to an increase of 2,462 million yen in notes and accounts payable-trade and an increase of 364 million yen in provision for reward for business performance.
Net assets as of August 31, 2011 increased by 2,849 million yen (5.39%) compared with the balance at the end of the previous fiscal year to 55,737 million yen. This increase is attributable mainly to an increase of 3,716 million yen in retained earnings due to posting of net income for the second quarter, and a decrease of 1,153 million yen in retained earnings due to dividend payments.
As a result, the shareholders' equity ratio as of August 31, 2011 decreased by 1.3% to 61.0%, compared to 62.3% at the end of the previous fiscal year.

Cash Flows
The balance of cash and cash equivalents (hereinafter referred to as "cash") at August 31, 2011 decreased by 361 million yen (2.9%) compared to the balance at the end of the previous fiscal year to 11,956 million yen.
Summarized below are cash flows and their underlying factors for the first half of the current fiscal year.

(Cash flows from operating activities)
Net cash provided by operating activities during the first half of the current fiscal year was 2,883 million yen. The major factors contributing to the net cash inflow were an increase of 6,570 million yen due to posting of income before income taxes and minority interests, an increase of 1,108 million yen due to posting of depreciation and amortization as well as amortization of good will, a decrease of 3,262 million yen due to an increase in notes and accounts receivable-trade, an increase of 1,686 million yen due to an increase in notes and accounts payable-trade and an decrease of 2,819 million yen of income tax payments.

(Cash flows from investing activities)
Net cash used by investing activities during the first half of the current fiscal year was 1,680 million yen. The major factors behind the net cash outflow were an outflow of 300 million yen for payment for/collection of deposits of subsidiaries and affiliates, an outflow of 590 million yen for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible fixed assets, and an outflow of 1,116 million yen due to purchase of investments in subsidiaries.

(Cash flows from financing activities)
Net cash used in financing activities during the first half of the current fiscal year was 1,566 million yen. The major factor contributing to the net cash outflow was dividend payments of 1,156 million yen.

(3) Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Forecast
Regarding its earnings projection for the fiscal year ending February 29, 2012, AEON DELIGHT's forecast released on April 14, 2011 remains unchanged.

2. Other Remarks
(1) Overview of Changes in Significant Subsidiaries: None

(2) Overview of Simplified Accounting Methods and Specific Accounting Methods
Method for estimating credit losses on general receivables
Since the difference between the actual credit loss ratio as of August 31, 2011 and the ratio computed at the end of the year ended February 28, 2011 was deemed insignificant, the actual credit loss ratio at the end of the year ended February 28, 2011 was used in estimating credit losses.

(3) Overview of Changes in the Principles, Procedures, or Presentation Method for Accounting Treatment
・Changes related to accounting treatment standards
Application of the Accounting Standards for the Equity Method and the Tentative Measures for the Accounting of Affiliated Companies Accounted for by the Equity Method

The Accounting Standards for the Equity Method (Financial Accounting Standards No. 16, announced on March 10, 2008) and the Tentative Measures for the Accounting of Affiliated Companies Accounted for by the Equity Method (Business Practice Report No. 24, announced on March 10, 2008) were applied from the first quarter of the current consolidated fiscal year.
The application of these standards had no impact on the profits and losses for the first half of the consolidated fiscal year.

Application of the Accounting Standards for Asset Retirement Obligations

The Accounting Standards for Asset Retirement Obligations (Financial Accounting Standards No. 18, March 31, 2008) and Guidance on the Accounting Standards for Asset Retirement Obligations (Financial Accounting Standards Guidance No. 21, March 31, 2008) were applied from the first quarter of the consolidated fiscal year.
The application of these standards had no impact on the profits and losses for the first half of the current consolidated fiscal year.

・Change in presentation method
(Quarterly consolidated balance sheet-related)

1. The amount of "gain on maturity of insurance contract" that was contained in "other" for non-operating income during the first half of the previous consolidated fiscal year has exceeded 20% of the total amount of non-operating expenses, and is now listed separately. The amount of "gain on maturity of insurance contract" during the first half of the previous consolidated fiscal year was 3 million yen.

2. With the application of the Cabinet Office Ordinance Partially Correcting Financial Statement Regulations (Cabinet Office Ordinance No. 5, March 24, 2009) based on the Accounting Standards for Consolidated Financial Statements (Financial Accounting Standards No. 22, December 26, 2008), the item "net income before minority interests" has been stated from the first half of the current consolidated fiscal year.

(Quarterly consolidated statement of cash flows-related)

The presentation for “purchase of property, plant and equipment” (419 million yen for the first half of the current fiscal year) and “purchase of intangible assets” (171 million yen for the first half of the current fiscal year) that were contained in “net cash provided by (used in) investing activities“ during the first quarter of the previous consolidated fiscal year has been changed to “purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets” from the first half of the current consolidated fiscal year.

3. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements
(1) Quarterly Consolidated Balance Sheet

(millions of yen)

	FY2012 (As of August 31, 2011)	FY2011 (As of Feb. 28, 2011)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	12,947	13,098
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	32,624	28,246
Merchandise	1,407	1,354
Deposit of subsidiaries and affiliates	19,220	18,920
Other	3,696	3,129
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(485)	(226)
Total current assets	69,410	64,524
Noncurrent assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures, net	1,239	1,234
Land	284	284
Other, net	2,307	2,237
Total property, plant and equipment	3,832	3,756
Intangible assets		
Goodwill	11,763	10,546
Other	1,032	1,030
Total intangible assets	12,795	11,577
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	2,481	2,983
Other	1,983	1,979
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(210)	(196)
Total investments and other assets	4,254	4,766
Total noncurrent assets	20,882	20,100
Total assets	90,292	84,624

(millions of yen)

	FY2012 (As of August 31, 2011)	FY2011 (As of Feb. 28, 2011)
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable-trade	24,887	22,424
Short-term loans payable	125	24
Current portion of corporate bonds payable due within one year	5	-
Current portion of long-term loans payable	18	25
Income taxes payable	2,913	2,844
Provision for reward for business performance	1,141	776
Provision for directors' bonuses	64	127
Other	4,415	4,501
Total current liabilities	33,570	30,724
Noncurrent liabilities		
Corporate bonds payable	25	-
Long-term loans payable	—	6
Provision for retirement benefits	503	487
Provision for directors' retirement benefits	144	51
Other	312	466
Total noncurrent liabilities	985	1,012
Total liabilities	34,555	31,737
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Capital stock	3,238	3,238
Capital surplus	18,741	18,741
Retained earnings	33,137	30,575
Treasury stock	(462)	(461)
Total shareholders' equity	54,655	52,092
Valuation and translation adjustments		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	482	664
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(16)	(19)
Total valuation and translation adjustments	466	645
Subscription rights to shares	187	149
Minority interest	428	-
Total net assets	55,737	52,887
Total liabilities and net assets	90,292	84,624

(2) Quarterly Consolidated Statements of Income

Second Quarter Consolidated Statements of Income (cumulative)

(millions of yen)

	First six months of FY2010 (March 1, 2010 – August 31, 2010)	First six months of FY2011 (March 1, 2011 – August 31, 2011)
Net sales	68,885	109,950
Cost of sales	58,291	95,444
Gross profit	10,593	14,506
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5,572	7,590
Operating income	5,021	6,915
Non-operating income		
Interest income	16	46
Dividends income	23	27
Gain on maturity of insurance contract	-	84
Equity in earnings of affiliates	18	-
Other	52	21
Total non-operating income	110	181
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	1	2
Adjustment of labor insurance expenses	-	13
Compensation for accident expenses	1	13
Loss on cancellation of company housing	26	19
Loss on retirement of noncurrent assets	24	11
Equity-method investment losses	-	13
Other	24	47
Total non-operating expenses	78	122
Ordinary income	5,053	6,974
Extraordinary income		
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	1	-
Gain on sales of membership	1	-
Marginal gain on step acquisition	-	56
Reversal of provision for directors' bonuses	-	17
Total extraordinary income	3	73
Extraordinary loss		
Cost of merger	155	-
Losses on disasters	-	300
Provision for doubtful accounts	-	145
Other	10	32
Total extraordinary losses	166	477
Income before income taxes and minority interests	4,889	6,570
Income taxes-current	2,068	2,759
Income taxes-deferred	51	21
Total income taxes	2,119	2,781
Net income before minority interests	-	3,789
Minority interests in income	-	73
Net income	2,770	3,716

(3) Quarterly Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow (cumulative)

(millions of yen)

	First six months of FY2011 (March 1, 2010 – August 31, 2010)	First six months of FY2012 (March 1, 2011 – August 31, 2011)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Income before income taxes and minority interests	4,889	6,570
Depreciation and amortization	316	588
Amortization of goodwill	377	519
Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses	523	302
Increase (decrease) in provision for retirement benefits	(104)	15
Increase (decrease) in provision for directors' retirement benefits	(22)	(7)
Interest and dividends income	(39)	(74)
Interest expenses	1	2
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade	(1,410)	(3,262)
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable-trade	720	1,686
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other	(732)	(435)
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-other	(38)	(230)
Other, net	(353)	(29)
Subtotal	4,127	5,645
Interest and dividends income received	38	60
Interest expenses paid	(1)	(2)
Income taxes paid	(2,087)	(2,819)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,076	2,883
Net cash provided by (used in) investment activities		
Payments into time deposits	(500)	(260)
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	80	270
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible fixed assets	-	(590)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(261)	-
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	114	21
Purchase of intangible assets	(141)	-
Purchase of investments in subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation	-	(1,116)
Proceeds from purchase of investments in subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation	-	365
Payments for deposit of subsidiaries and affiliates	(37,320)	(72,520)
Collection of deposit of subsidiaries and affiliates	35,500	72,220
Other, net	49	(70)
Net cash provided by (used in) investment activities	(2,479)	(1,680)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	(28)	96
Repayment of long-term loans payable	(12)	(462)
Cash dividends paid	(594)	(1,156)
Other, net	(2)	(44)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(637)	(1,566)
Effect of exchange-rate change on cash and cash equivalents	2	2
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,038)	(361)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	7,873	12,317
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	6,835	11,956

(4) Note on the Going Concern Assumption:
First six months of the year ending February 29, 2012 (March 1, 2011 –August 31, 2011)
None

(5) Note on Significant Changes in Shareholders' Equity:
First six months of the year ending February 29, 2012 (March 1, 2011 – August 31, 2011)
None

4. Reference Information
Net Sales by Business Segment

(millions of yen)

	Comprehensive FMS business							Other businesses	Total
	Facilities management business	Security services business	Cleaning services business	Construction work business	Materials/ Supplies sourcing services business	Vending machine services business	Support business		
Net sales	21,292	16,199	19,835	13,970	18,416	16,572	3,639	24	109,950

Notes: 1. The reporting segments are based on a management approach.
2. Breakdown of reporting segments
(1) Comprehensive FMS business
1) Facilities management business
Business that conducts the preservation, inspection, maintenance, etc. of building facilities
2) Security services business
Business that provides comprehensive security services including security for facilities, security to handle crowds and traffic, security for transporting valuable goods, etc.
3) Cleaning services business
Business that conducts the cleaning of buildings and facilities
4) Construction work business
Business that conducts large-scale renovation and interior design work, makes environmental load reduction proposals, and installs solar power generation systems
5) Materials/Supplies sourcing services business
Business that acts as a purchase agent for indirect materials and procures materials, etc.
6) Vending machine services business
Business that operates beverage vending machines, cares for foliage plants, and maintains air purification units
7) Support businesses
Business that includes the retail store business, technical training business, temporary staffing business, and document management business
(2) Other businesses
Real estate lease business.